

We use monthly production data from January 2009 to October 2011 for the main stages of steel value chain in Chinese steel facilities, i.e. sintering, pig-iron making and steel making. We provide a detailed explanation for the variables in the data as follows.

Table 1: Variable List

Chinese characters	Translated variable names	Explanation
Panel A: Sintering		
项目名称	fid	equipment name
设备产量	production	output in quantity
合格率	qualification	output qualification rate
品位	grade	sinter grade
品位稳定率	grade_stability	sinter grade stablization rate
碱度	alkalinity	alkalinity = CaO/SiO ₂
碱度稳定率	alkalinity_stabl e	sinter alkalinity stablization rate
转鼓指数	tumbler	tumbler index: it is a relative measure of the resistance of the material to breakage or degradation by impact. The higher, the better.
固体燃料消耗量	fuel	consumption of solid fuel per ton of sinter
固体燃料折标煤	std_coal	consumption of solid fuel in terms of standard coal per ton of sinter
工序单位能耗	energy	energy consumption per ton of sinter
返矿率	return	return ratio of ore = returned sinter/(returned sinter + sinter sent to the furnace)*100%
利用系数	utilization	utilization rate = production of sinter ore/(time consumed*active sintering area)
台时产量	hourly	yield of machine-hour = output per hour per sintering machine
日历作业率	calendar	equipment operation rate = realtime (operation time)/(calender time-maintenance time)
从业人员实物劳产率	productivity	labor productivity = sinter output/average number of employees
Panel B: Pig-Iron Making		
项目名称	fid	equipment name
设备产量	production	output in quantity
合格率	qualification	product qualification rate
一级品率	grade1	rate of premium grade pig-iron

原料矿石消耗	ore	consumption of iron ore per ton of iron produced
入炉焦比	coke	coke rate = consumption of coke per ton of iron produced
综合焦比	coke_equiv	the consumption of coke equivalence (coke, coal fine = 0.8 coke, and heavy oil = 1.2 coke) per ton of pig iron produced
喷煤比	coal_injection	coal rate = consumption of pulverized coal injected into furnace per ton of iron produced
燃料比	fuel	coke rate + injection coal rate + oil
利用系数	utilization	utilization rate = production of iron/(time consumed*furnace volume)
休风率	downtime	downtime percentage = downtime/(calendar time - maintenance or repair time)
人造块矿使用率	ore_made	(sinter + pellet)/total iron ore used
入炉铁矿品位	grade	ore grade
平均热风温度	hot_air	average temperature of hot air = sum of daily average temperature of hot air/days
富氧率	oxygen	oxygen rate = (0.21*air volume + oxygen volume*purity rate)/(air volume + oxygen volume)
炉顶压力	pressure	sum of daily average pressure on furnace roof-top/days
从业人员实物劳产率	productivity	labor productivity
工序单位能耗	energy	energy consumption per ton of iron
Panel B: Pig-Iron Making		
设备产量	production	output in quantity
钢锭合格率	qualification	product qualification rate
金属料消耗	metal	consumption of metal per ton of steel
钢铁料消耗	steel_mat	consumption of material = (pig iron + steel scrap)/qualified output of steel
生铁消耗	pigiron	consumption of pig iron per ton of steel
生铁块消耗	ironlump	consumption of pig iron lump per ton of steel
废钢铁消耗	scrap	consumption of scrap steel per ton of steel
其它原料含铁	other_mat	consumption of other ferro-metal materials
合金料消耗	alloy	consumption of alloy metal per ton of steel
工序单位能耗	energy	consumption of energy in terms of standard coal per ton of steel = (fuel + power - recycled gas and heat)/steel in quantity

氧气消耗	oxygen	consumption of oxygen per ton of steel
冶金石灰消耗	lime	consumption of metallurgy lime per ton of steel
从业人员实物劳产率	productivity	labor productivity
利用系数	utilization	qualified steel/(tons of convertor*calendar days)
日历作业率	calendar	total operation time/(number of furnaces*calendar time (h)); operation time = calendar time (h) - break time that are ≥ 10 min
冶炼时间	time	steel making time = total operation time/number of operated furnaces
炉衬寿命	lining	life expectancy of converter lining
氧气喷枪头寿命	lance_life	life expectancy of oxygen blowing lance
二次冶金比	second	secondary steelmaking ratio (in the ladle)
铁水预处理比	smolten_treat	pre-treated iron/total iron into the furnace